

NOV -5 2015

Rick Santorum for President Greg Rothman, Treasurer P.O. Box 238 Verona, PA 15147

RE: MUR 6740

Dear Mr. Rothman:

On June 18, 2013, the Federal Election Commission notified Rick Santorum for President and Nadine Maenza, as treasurer, (the "Committee") of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"). A copy of the complaint was forwarded to the Committee at that time.

Upon further review of the allegations contained in the complaint, and information supplied by the Committee, the Commission, on October 27, 2015, voted to (1) exercise its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that the Committee violated the Act in connection with alleged coordinated payments from the National Organization for Marriage and Foster Friess to secure the endorsement of Robert L. Vander Plaats, (2) exercise its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that the Committee violated the Act in connection with alleged coordinated communications in support of Senator Santorum's candidacy, and (3) find no reason to believe that the Committee violated the Act with respect to a shared voter list. The Factual and Legal Analysis, which more fully explains the Commission's decision, is enclosed for your information.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66,132 (Dec. 14, 2009).

If you have any questions, please contact Saurav Ghosh, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1643.

Mark Shonkwiler

Assistant General Counsel

Enclosure(s)
Factual and Legal Analysis

1 2	BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION CO	DMMISSION
3	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALY	'SIS
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5 6	In the Matter of	
7	in the triatter of	MUR 6740
8	Rick Santorum)	WOR 0740
9	Rick Santorum for President	
10	and Nadine Maenza in her official capacity as treasurer)	
11	Robert L. Vander Plaats	
12	The Family Leader, Inc.,	
13	c/o Robert L. Vander Plaats, President)	
14	Leaders for Families and Chuck Hurley)	
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16	National Organization for Marriage)	
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1.8	Organization for Marriage)	
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20	Red, White and Blue Fund	
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23	I. INTRODUCTION	
24	This matter concerns several allegations raised by Compl	ainant in three submissions filed
25	with the Commission. Respondents Rick Santorum, Rick Santo	rum for President and Nadine
26	Maenza in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Santorum Com	mittee"), Robert L. Vander
27	Plaats, The Family Leader Inc., Leaders for Families and Chuck Hurley in his official capacity a	
28	treasurer, National Organization for Marriage ("NOM"), Brian E	Brown, President of the National

Complainant filed the following submissions: the original Complaint, dated June 13, 2013; the Supplemental Complaint, dated July 25, 2013; and the Second Supplemental Complaint, dated April 2, 2015. The allegations in the Second Supplemental Complaint are largely based on Big Money, a book written by Kenneth Vogel and published in 2014.

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- 1 Organization for Marriage, and Red, White and Blue Fund submitted responses denying the
- 2 allegations. 2 Respondent Foster Friess did not provide a response.
- First, Complainant alleges that NOM, an incorporated 501(c)(4) nonprofit organization,
- 4 and unnamed "officers and major supporters" of NOM may have provided funds to The Family
- 5 Leader, Inc., an Iowa nonprofit corporation, to induce its President Robert L. Vander Plaats³ to
- 6 endorse 2012 presidential candidate Rick Santorum in advance of the Iowa Republican Party's
- 7 January 3, 2012 Iowa Caucus. Compl. at 1-2. Second, Complainant alleges that Foster Friess, a
- 8 Santorum supporter, 4 also may have played a role in securing Vander Plaats's endorsement of
- 9 Santorum. Second Suppl. Compl. at 2-3. Third, Complainant alleges that NOM and Friess
- 10 secured Vander Plaats's endorsement in coordination with the Santorum Committee⁵ and that,
- 11 consequently, NOM and Friess made, and the Santorum Committee received and failed to
- disclose, prohibited corporate or excessive in-kind contributions. Compl. at 2. Fourth,
- 13 Complainant alleges that NOM, NOM president Brian Brown, and Vander Plaats coordinated
- 14 with Santorum and the Santorum Committee to fund communications distributed by the Leaders

The Santorum Committee and Santorum filed a joint response, which included affidavits from Santorum and the committee's treasurer, Nadine Macnza. See Santorum Resp.; Aff. of Rick Santorum (Sept. 12, 2013) ("Santorum Aff."); Aff. of Nadine Macnza (Sept. 12, 2013) ("Macnza Aff."). NOM and Brown filed a joint response and a supplemental response. See NOM Resp.; NOM Supp. Resp. The Family Leader, Inc. and Vander Plaats provided an affidavit from Vander Plaats as its joint response. See Aff. of Robert L. Vander Plaats § 2 (July 31, 2013) ("Vander Plaats Aff."). Leaders for Families Super PAC filed its own response, which included an affidavit from its treasurer, Chuck Hurley. See Aff. of Chuck Flurley (July 31, 2013) ("Hurley Aff."). The Red, White and Blue Fund also filed a separate response, attached to which was an affidavit from its founder and Executive Director Nicholas Ryan. See Red, White and Blue Fund Resp.; Aff. of Nicholas Ryan (June 5, 2015) ("Ryan Aff.").

Vander Plaats is an Iowa-based political activist who is allegedly the principal for two entities, The Family Leader, Inc., and The Family Leader Foundation. See Compl. at 2; Supp. Compl. at 2, 4; Shushanna Walshe and Michael Falcone, Iowa Conservative Leader Mired in Controversy After Rick Suntorum Endorsement, ABC NEWS (Dec. 23, 2011) (attached to Complaint).

Friess allegedly traveled with Santorum and provided him with certain advice.

The Santorum Committee was Santorum's principal campaign committee and Nadine Macnza is its treasurer. Macnza is a respondent in this matter in her official capacity as treasurer of the committee.

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- for Families Super PAC, an independent-expenditure-only political committee that supported
- 2 Santorum's candidacy. *Id.* at 1-2. Fifth, Complainant alleges that Santorum may have been
- 3 coordinating communications with Leaders for Families and Red, White and Blue Fund, another
- 4 independent-expenditure-only political committee that supported Santorum's candidacy, through
- 5 Friess, a contributor to those organizations, and thus Santorum allegedly received undisclosed
- 6 excessive contributions from those entities. Second Supp. Compl. at 4. Lastly, Complainant
- 7 alleges that The Family Leader contributed its "voter list" to the Santorum Committee, which did
- 8 not disclose its alleged receipt of the list. Compl. at 4.8

Respondents deny the allegations. They criticize the vagueness of Complainant's allegations; contend that the alleged facts, if true, fail to establish violations of the Act; and deny that they made expenditures to secure Vander Plaats's endorsement of Santorum, coordinated the funding of the Leaders for Families Super PAC, or shared any voter lists.

As explained below, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that (i) Respondents violated the Act in connection with alleged payments from NOM and Friess in coordination with the Santorum Committee to secure Vander Plaats's endorsement of Santorum and (ii) the alleged coordinated communications distributed by the Leaders for Families Super PAC in support of Santorum's candidacy. See Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821 (1985). The Commission could not agree by the required four votes as to the disposition of the

The Leaders for Families Super PAC — which Complainant misidentifies as "Families for Leaders" — "was formed in Dec. 2011 to help maximize Robert L. Vander Plaats's endorsement of Rick Santorum for President two weeks prior to the Iowa Caucus vote, by thoroughly broadcasting it to Iowa Caucus voters." Hurley Aff. § 2.

Friess contributed \$2.1 million to the Red, White and Blue Fund and \$50,000 to Leaders for Families PAC. Compl. at 2; Second Supp. Compl. at 2.

Complainant also questions whether (i) NOM and Vander Plaats may have expended federal contributions for personal use and (ii) NOM may have "placed Vander Plaats and Mr. Santorum in violation of using funds from unknown sources." *Id.* The available information before the Commission about these questions, however, does not provide reason to believe that a violation of the Act may have occurred.

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- 1 allegation that the Santorum Committee may have coordinated communications with Red, White
- 2 and Blue Fund. The Commission, moreover, concludes that there is no reason to believe that
- 3 Respondents violated the Act as to the voter list.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND & LEGAL ANALYSIS

A. Alleged Payments From NOM and Friess in Coordination with Santorum to Secure Vander Plaats's Endorsement of Santorum

Complainant alleges that NOM and Friess paid Vander Plaats, through organizations he controlled, to endorse Santorum in advance of the Iowa Republican Caucus and that Santorum or his committee or agents worked with the other Respondents to obtain payment for Vander Plaats's endorsement. Compl. at 1, 3; Supp. Compl. at 2, 4; Second Suppl. Compl at 2, 4.

1. Factual Overview

Complainant alleges that before the January 3, 2012 Iowa Caucus, Vander Plaats solicited three Republican presidential candidates, including Santorum, to pay him \$1 million to secure his endorsement. Compl. at 2. Complainant asserts that Santorum must have actually paid for Vander Plaats's endorsement because Vander Plaats subsequently endorsed Santorum and launched Leaders for Families Super PAC to advocate for Santorum's election. *Id.* at 3.

Complainant contends that a third party likely paid to secure Vander Plaats's endorsement for Santorum because Santorum did not have \$1 million and alleges that NOM likely provided the funds because Santorum, Vander Plaats, and NOM's leaders had worked together in connection with prior issue advocacy efforts and NOM "had the resources and the reasons to secure Bob Vander Plaats' endorsement of [Santorum]." *Id.* at 3, 8. Complainant suggests that this "resulted in . . . [NOM], its leadership and major donors contributing up to \$1 million that [Vander Plaats] sought for his presidential endorsement," and that "NOM likely

- 2 also helped create" Leaders for Families Super PAC. Id. 9
- Complainant cites \$80,000 in payments in 2011 from NOM to The Family Leader and an
- 4 organization identified as the Iowa Family Policy Council that shares the same address. *Id.* at 3.
- 5 Complainant surmises that "[i]t is likely that the \$80,000 paid directly to Mr. Vander Plaats's
- 6 organizations in 2011 could have easily constituted NOM's down payment toward securing his
- 7 \$1 million endorsement of [Santorum]." Id. The Complainant also notes that The Family
- 8 Leader raised \$814,817 during its 2012 fiscal year, compared to \$323,081 in 2011, and that
- 9 another Vander Plaats organization, the Family Leader Foundation, Inc., received \$468,446. 10
- 10 Supp. Compl. at 2, 4. Complainant contends that these facts support the allegation "that Mr.
- Vander Plaats received a vast sum of money in exchange for his endorsement" of Santorum. Id.
- 12 at 2.
- Complainant also asserts that Friess, too, may have helped secure Vander Plaats's
- 14 endorsement. See Second Suppl. Compl. Complainant states that "when the endorsement
- 15 negotiations were taking place between Mr. Santorum, his Campaign and Mr. Vander Plaats, Mr.
- 16 Friess was in Iowa traveling with Mr. Santorum and was a very likely participant in the
- 17 endorsement negotiations." Id. at 2. Complainant notes that shortly after Vander Plaats's
- endorsement, Friess gave \$81,000 to Red, White and Blue Fund, of which \$75,000 "appears to

Hurley is the treasurer of Leaders for Families Super PAC, and he has responded to the allegations raised by Complainant in that official capacity. Complainant does not clearly assert that Hurley played any personal role in the alleged coordination scheme, nor does he otherwise address Hurley's own endorsement of Santorum.

The Complainant speculated that the \$468,446 of income to Vander Plaats's Family Leader Foundation, Inc. "could well reflect additional money that came into Mr. Vander Plaats as a result of his endorsement of Mr. Santorum." *Id.* at 4.

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- have then been transferred a few days later to the Leaders for Families PAC," and \$50,000
- 2 directly to the Leaders for Families PAC. Id. at 4.
- Finally, Complainant alleges that Santorum or his committee or agents worked with the
- 4 other Respondents to obtain payment for Vander Plaats's endorsement. Complainant bases this
- 5 allegation on press reports indicating that Vander Plaats discussed with candidates his desire to
- 6 advertise his endorsement, including the cost of that advertising, and that Santorum admitted
- 7 discussing money with Vander Plaats ahead of the press conference at which Vander Plaats
- 8 announced his endorsement. Compl. at 5.
- The Responses deny these allegations. Vander Plaats declares that neither The Family
- 10 Leader nor he "ever solicited or received any money or thing of value from anyone, directly or
- indirectly, to secure [his] endorsement of Rick Santorum." Vander Plaats Aff. ¶ 2.12 NOM,
- moreover, asserts that they "did not pay the Family Leader and Mr. Vander Plaats any money to
- 13 secure their endorsement of Santorum. NOM Resp. at 1. And Santorum declares in a sworn
- 14 affidavit that: (i) "There were no payments from the Santorum campaign or promises of

Any mention of the need for money was simply stating the fact that my endorsement two weeks prior to the Iowa Caucus vote would have little effect unless it was quickly and thoroughly broadcast to the Iowa Caucus voters. Therefore, phone calls, television ads and radio ads needed to be purchased. Realizing the Santorum for President Campaign did not have the resources to maximize the impact of my endorsement, I independently secured the necessary funds via my contacts, post-endorsement, directing their donations to the Leaders for Families Super PAC.

Vander Plaats and Hurley both assert that Vander Plaats made his endorsement "independent of all candidates and campaigns." Vander Plaats Aff. ¶ 4; Hurley Aff. ¶ 3. Each also contends that Santorum's subsequent public statement that he first learned of Vander Plaats's endorsement through the media on December 20, 2011, is evidence that Santorum did not pay for Vander Plaats's endorsement and did not coordinate expenditures. Vander Plaats Aff. ¶ 4; Hurley Aff. ¶ 3.

According to Vander Plaats:

Id. ¶ 3. The assertions in Vander Plaats's affidavit are consistent with his contemporaneous statements described in press accounts attached to the original Complaint in this matter. See Shushanna Walshe and Michael Falcone, supra; Shannon Travis, Santorum: Vander Plaats Said 'He Needed Money to Promote the Endorsement,' CNN (Dec. 22, 2011); Jennifer Jacobs, Iowa Evangelicals Skeptical They Can Unite Behind One Candidate for Caucuses, Des Monnes Reg. (Dec. 20, 2011).

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- l payment to anyone or any group in exchange for an endorsement for our campaign or my
- 2 candidacy"; (ii) "[he] did not solicit contributions for any third party organization sponsored by
- Bob [Vander Plaats]"; and "[he] neither promised nor paid anything of value to Bob [Vander
- 4 Plaats] in exchange for his personal endorsement of [Santorum's] candidacy."

2. Analysis

A payment to secure the endorsement of a presidential candidate to help win a party caucus — an "election" within the meaning of the Act, see 52 U.S.C. § 30101(1)(B) — would constitute an expenditure, as it would be a payment "for the purpose of influencing" a federal election. See id. § 30101(9) (defining expenditure); 11 C.F.R. § 100.111(a) (same).

An expenditure that is made in cooperation, consultation, or concert with or at the request or suggestion of a candidate, his authorized political committees, or their agents would constitute an in-kind contribution to the candidate. See 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(7)(B)(i); 11 C.F.R. § 109.20.¹³ Any such contribution must comply with the relevant limits, prohibitions, and disclosure requirements of the Act. See, e.g., 52 U.S.C. §§ 30104(b), 30116(a), (f), 30118.

The available information before the Commission in this matter is insufficient to indicate whether the payments identified by Complainant secured Vander Plaats's endorsement of Santorum, even if the fortunes of Vander Plaats's organizations may have increased as a result of his endorsement of Santorum. Furthermore, there is insufficient available information that Santorum or his agents acted in concert to obtain a third party's payment to Vander Plaats to endorse Santorum. Based on the circumstances, the Commission concludes that pursuing this

Complainant did not identify any allegedly coordinated communications, but focused on NOM's contributions to Vander Plaats or his organizations. Accordingly, the allegedly coordinated expenditures here would be governed by those provisions of the Act and regulations that address coordinated expenditures generally, that is, 52 U.S.C. § 30.116(a)(7)(B)(i) and 11 C.F.R. § 109.20, rather than the coordinated communications regulation at 11 C.F.R. § 109.21.

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1 matter further would not be an efficient use of the Commission's resources and exercises its 2 prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that Respondents violated the Act as alleged in 3 connection with the claimed payment to Vander Plaats for his endorsement. 4 **B.** Alleged Coordinated Communications 6 1. Factual Overview 7 Complainant alleges that the Santorum Committee may have coordinated 8 communications with Leaders for Families and Red, White and Blue Fund, through NOM, 9 Brown, Vander Plaats, and Friess, and thus Santorum allegedly received undisclosed excessive 10 contributions from those entities. Compl. at 1-2; Second Supp. Compl. at 4. 11 a. Alleged coordination between NOM, Brown, Vander Plaats, 12 and Santorum and the Santorum Committee 13 Complainant alleges that NOM, Brown, and Vander Plaats coordinated with Santorum 14 and the Santorum Committee to fund communications distributed by the Leaders for Families 15 Super PAC that supported Santorum's candidacy. Id. at 1-2. Specifically, Complainant alleges 16 that Santorum may have coordinated with NOM and Vander Plaats to fund the Leaders for 17 Families Super PAC so that it, in turn, could support Santorum through "robocalls" and 18 television and radio commercials. Compl. at 1-2. 19 To support these allegations, Complainant relies on the alleged close ties between NOM 20 and Leaders for Families Super PAC, including their retention of the same legal and consulting 21 personnel, and that some of NOM's biggest donors contributed to both organizations. 22 Specifically, Complainant highlights that (i) NOM's Political Director, Frank Schubert, also 23 directed the Iowa campaign of Leaders for Families Super PAC; (ii) Leaders for Families Super 24 PAC was incorporated by James Bopp, an attorney retained also by NOM; and (iii) Terry Caster,

a NOM donor, also contributed to Leaders for Families Super PAC. Id. at 3-4. Complainant

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1 contends that such facts suggest that Santorum, Brown, NOM, and Vander Plaats coordinated to

2 fund or to direct the Leaders for Families Super PAC's communications that supported

3 Santorum's candidacy.

Respondents, however, assert that Leaders for Families Super PAC's funding was derived from Vander Plaats's independent activities. See Vander Plaats Aff. ¶¶ 3, 5 (averring that "neither The [Family Leader], nor [he] individually, ever coordinated funding or any other campaign activity, directly or indirectly, with the Santorum for President Campaign, or any other prohibited person or entity" and that they adhered to the "coordination prohibitions"); Hurley Aff. ¶ 2, 4. Leaders for Families Super PAC, moreover, represents that "no one with Leaders for Families Super PAC had any discussions with, or coordinated funding or any other campaign activity with, the Santorum for President Campaign, or any other prohibited person or entity." Hurley Aff. ¶ 4. NOM also represents that "[t]here was no coordination between respondents and Mr. Santorum, Santorum's campaign, or Mr. Vander Plaats for the purpose of funding the Leaders for Families committee," NOM Resp. at 1, and that it "did not help to create the Leaders for Families committee," and was not involved in that committee's operation, id. at 2. And Santorum and the Santorum Committee deny the allegations and assert that Complainant failed to identify any communications that may have been coordinated as defined in 11 C.F.R. § 109.21. Santorum Resp. at 2.

b. Alleged coordination between Red, White and Blue Fund and Leaders for Families and Santorum through Friess

Complainant also alleges that Santorum may have been coordinating communications with Red, White and Blue Fund and Leaders for Families through Friess and thus that the Santorum Committee allegedly received undisclosed excessive contributions from those entities.

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1 See Second Supp. Compl. The Santorum Committee and Red, White and Blue Fund deny these

2 allegations. Freiss did not submit a response.

2. Analysis

A payment for a "coordinated communication" is an in-kind contribution from the payor to the candidate with whom it is coordinated. 11 C.F.R. § 109.21(b). Under Commission regulations, a communication is considered coordinated with a candidate if it: (a) is paid for by a person other than the candidate; (b) satisfies one of the content standards of the Commission's coordination test; and (c) satisfies one of the conduct standards of the Commission's coordination test. *Id.* § 109.21(a). If a communication is coordinated, then the resulting in-kind contribution may constitute an excessive or prohibited corporate contribution in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30116 or 30118, which NOM and Santorum for President may have been required to disclose under 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b).

The available information before the Commission in this matter is insufficient to determine that Santorum or his agents acted in concert with Brown, NOM, and Vander Plaats to fund the Leaders for Families Super PAC and coordinate its communications. Based on the circumstances presented, the Commission concludes that pursuing this matter further would not be an efficient use of the Commission's resources. Accordingly, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that NOM, Brown, and Vander Plaats made, and Rick Santorum or Santorum for President received, excessive or prohibited corporate in-kind contributions in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a), (f), and 30118(a), or that NOM and Santorum for President failed to disclose NOM's expenditures or contributions to Leaders for Families in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b).

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1	Furthermore, the Commission could not agree by the required four votes as to the	
2	disposition of the allegation that the Santorum Committee may have coordinated	
3	communications with Red, White and Blue Fund.	
4 5	C. Alleged Unreported Receipt of a "Voter List" from The Family Leader by Santorum Committee	
6	In addition, Complainant alleges that The Family Leader provided a "voter list" to	
7	Santorum for President, and that Santorum for President neither disclosed it as an in-kind	
8	contribution nor identified any expenditure related to its purchase. Compl. at 4.	
9	However, the information before the Commission does not support this claim, and	
10	Respondents have represented under oath that neither Vander Plaats nor his organizations ever	
11	provided any lists or "things of value" to the Santorum campaign. See Vander Plaats Aff. ¶ 5;	
12	Maenza Aff. ¶ 6; see also Santorum Resp. at 3. The Commission, consequently, finds that there	
13	is no reason to believe that Santorum for President and Nadine Maenza in her official capacity as	
14	treasurer failed to disclose an in-kind contribution or expenditure in violation of 52 U.S.C.	
15	§ 30104(b).	
16	III. CONCLUSION	
17	For the foregoing reasons, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion to	
18	dismiss the allegations that (i) Respondents violated the Act in connection with alleged payment	
19	from NOM and Friess in coordination with the Santorum Committee to secure Vander Plaats's	
20	endorsement of Santorum and (ii) the alleged coordinated communications distributed by the	
21	Leaders for Families Super PAC in support of Santorum's candidacy. See Heckler, 470 U.S.	
22	821. The Commission could not agree by the required four votes as to the disposition of the	

allegation that the Santorum Committee may have coordinated communications with Red, White

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- and Blue Fund. The Commission also concludes that there is no reason to believe that
- 2 Respondents violated the Act as to the voter list.